

Quick-Neuron™ Motor - Human iPSC-derived Cells

Catalog Numbers: MT-SeV-CW50065, MT-SeV-CW10149, MT-SeV-CW20300, MT-SeV-CW50023, MT-SeV-CW70067, MT-SeV-CW50025, MT-SeV-CW50113, MT-SeV-CW50114, MT-SeV-CW50115, MT-SeV-CW50137, MT-SeV-CW50147, MT-SeV-CW60130, MT-SeV-CW60231, MT-SeV-CW60236, MT-SeV-CW20026, MT-SeV-CW20090, or MT-SeV-CW10130

Introduction

Elixirgen Scientific's proprietary transcription factor-based technology allows rapid and reproducible differentiation of human iPSCs into neurons without sacrificing the purity of the cells. Quick-Neuron™ Motor differentiated cell cultures display typical neurite outgrowth and express a variety of neuronal markers, such as the pan-neuronal marker tubulin beta 3 class III (TUBB3), the cholinergic marker choline acetyl-transferase (ChAT), and the homeobox transcription factor HB9 expressed in motor neurons. When handled and maintained according to the instructions in this user guide, motor neurons are viable long-term and are suitable for a variety of characterization and neurotoxicity assays.

Scale: Quick-Neuron™ Motor - Human iPSC-derived Cells are available in two sizes: (Small) 1 million viable cryopreserved cells and (Large) 5 x 1 million viable cryopreserved cells. The instructions outlined in this user guide are for seeding 1 million viable cells at approximately 5×10^4 cells/cm² into 2 wells of a 6-well plate (5×10^5 cells/well), 10 wells of a 24-well plate (1×10^5 cells/well), or 62 wells of a 96-well plate (1.6×10^4 cells/well).

Related Products: Quick-Neuron™ Motor - SeV Kit, Catalog Number: MT-SeV
Quick-Neuron™ Motor - Maintenance Medium, Catalog Number: MT-MM

Contents

Upon receipt, immediately store the items at the indicated temperatures. Be especially careful to keep the frozen cells on dry ice until placing them in liquid nitrogen and avoid any temperature fluctuation and slight thawing.

Contents	Amount (Small Size)	Amount (Large Size)	Storage	Thaw
Cryopreserved cells	>1 million viable cells, (1 vial, 500 µl)	5 x >1 million viable cells, (5 vials, 5 x 500 µl)	Liquid nitrogen	37°C
Component N1	2 x 830 µl	7 x 830 µl	-20°C or -80°C	On ice or 4°C
Component A	80 µl	2 x 80 µl	-20°C or -80°C	Room temperature
Component P	50 µl	2 x 50 µl	-20°C or -80°C	Room temperature
Component K	20 µl	20 µl	-20°C or -80°C	Room temperature

Condition of Use

This product is for research use only. It is not approved for use in humans or for therapeutic or diagnostic use.

Technical Support

For technical support please refer to the [FAQ](#) on our website.
You may also contact us at cs@elixirgensci.com or call +1 (443) 869-5420 (M-F 9am-5pm EST).

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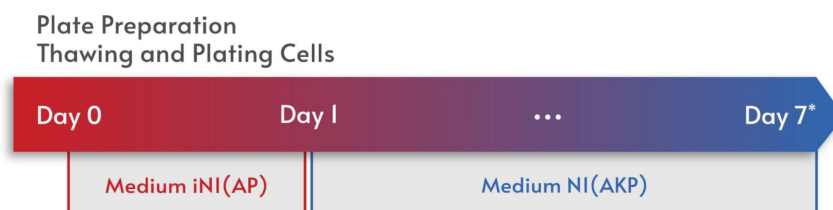
Required Consumables

Item	Vendor	Catalog Number
(Optional) 6-well tissue-culture-treated polystyrene plate (e.g., Corning Costar Flat Bottom Cell Culture Plates)	Fisher Scientific	07-200-80
(Optional) 24-well tissue-culture-treated polystyrene plate (e.g., Corning Costar Flat Bottom Cell Culture Plates)	Fisher Scientific	07-200-740
(Optional) 96-well tissue-culture-treated polystyrene plate (e.g., Thermo Scientific™ 96 Well Black/Clear Bottom Plate)	Fisher Scientific	12-566-70
DMEM/F12	ThermoFisher	21331020
Neurobasal Medium	ThermoFisher	21103049
GlutaMAX	ThermoFisher	35050061
Penicillin-Streptomycin	ThermoFisher	15140122
0.01% Poly-L-Ornithine	Sigma-Aldrich	P4957-50ML
Extracellular Matrix such as <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Laminin Mouse Protein, Natural, or- Geltrex Basement Membrane Matrix	ThermoFisher	23017015 or A15696-01
Phosphate-buffered saline (without Ca ⁺⁺ Mg ⁺⁺)*	ThermoFisher	20012050
ROCK inhibitor Y27632	Selleckchem	S1049
Dimethyl sulfoxide (DMSO)	Sigma-Aldrich	D2650

*PBS should be used at room temperature unless otherwise specified.

Workflow

Note: This protocol assumes that Day 0 is a Tuesday.



*From Day 7, users may maintain differentiated neurons in the medium best suited for their needs, though we recommend Quick-Neuron™ Cholinergic - Maintenance Medium, Catalog Number: MT-MM.

Experiment Planning

Define the cell culture plate or dish format in advance and calculate the number of wells to be used for each format in advance. For example, you may use only a certain number of wells of a 96-well plate. The following section describes culture condition volumes per well as user needs may vary. When a 96-well plate is used, we recommend filling the edge wells of the plate with an aqueous medium instead of cells and culture medium. This will maintain humidity on the entire plate. If performing an image-based analysis with a 96-well plate, we have found plating approximately $1-1.5 \times 10^4$ cells/well

to yield the best results. Please refer to the table below for plate formats and corresponding surface area of each well used for calculating reagents in the following sections.

Plate format	6-well plate	24-well plate	96-well plate
Approximate cell growth surface area per well	9.5 cm ²	1.9 cm ²	0.32 cm ²

Preparation

10 mM ROCK inhibitor Y27632 (iROCK)

1. Dissolve 10 mg ROCK inhibitor Y27632 in 3.12 ml DMSO.
2. Make aliquots of a convenient volume (e.g., 100 µl).
3. This solution, hereafter referred to as iROCK, can be stored at -20°C.

0.002% Poly-L-Ornithine solution (ornithine)

1. Take 700 µl 0.01% Poly-L-Ornithine solution and mix it with 2.8 ml PBS.
2. The 0.002% Poly-L-Ornithine solution, hereafter referred to as ornithine, can be stored at 4°C for up to 2 weeks.

1 mg/ml laminin stock solution (laminin)

1. Thaw Laminin Mouse Protein, Natural and chill PBS at 4°C or on ice.
2. Mix the Laminin Mouse Protein, Natural and PBS to make the 1 mg/ml stock solution, hereafter referred to as laminin.
 - o Laminin concentration varies by lot, so use the number specified on the vial or CoA when making your calculations.
3. Make aliquots of a convenient volume (e.g., 35 µl) and store at -20°C.

Medium N1

1. Prepare Medium N1 using the reagents listed in the table below. Use the appropriate volume for the plate format you plan to use.
 - o Thaw Component N1 for 20-30 minutes at the temperature indicated in the “Contents” table on page 1.
 - o Warm all other reagents at room temperature for 20-30 minutes.
 - o Tap Component N tube(s) 3 times and then briefly spin down before use.
 - o Keep Medium N1, and any subsequent media made with it, protected from light.
 - o Store Medium N1 for up to 2 weeks at 4°C.
 - o Leftover Component N1 can be discarded or saved at 4°C for up to two weeks.

Reagents	Required volume for each format	
	6-well plate	24-well plate or 96-well plate
DMEM/F12	9.6 ml	16.8 ml
Neurobasal Medium	9.6 ml	16.8 ml
GlutaMAX	100 µl	175 µl
Penicillin-Streptomycin (10000 units/ml; 100x)	200 µl	350 µl
Component N1	600 µl	1.05 ml

Medium N1(AP)

1. Prepare Medium N1(AP) sufficient for the number of wells plated using the volumes indicated in the table below for calculating plus an additional 1.1 ml for resuspension (volume in table x number of wells + 1.1). For example, 2 wells of a 6-well plate needs 15.1 ml Medium N1 (7 x 2 + 1.1), while 10 wells of a 24-well plate needs 26.1 ml Medium N1 (2.5 x 10 + 1.1).
 - Thaw Component A and Component P for 20-30 minutes at the temperature indicated in the “Contents” table on page 1.
 - Warm Medium N1 at room temperature for 20-30 minutes.
 - Tap each Component tube 3 times and then briefly spin all tubes down before use.
 - Component A is added 1:1000 and Component P 1:2000.
 - This will produce enough Medium N1(AP) for 1 week of culture.
 - Store leftover Medium N1 and Medium N1(AP) at 4°C.

Reagents	Required volume per well		
	6-well plate	24-well plate	96-well plate
Medium N1	7 ml	2.5 ml	450 µl
Component A	7 µl	2.5 µl	0.45 µl
Component P	3.5 µl	1.3 µl	0.23 µl

Diluted Component K

1. Prepare Dilute Component K for use in Medium N1(AKP) as follows:
 - Thaw Component K for 20-30 minutes at the temperature indicated in the “Contents” table on page 1.
 - Tap the tube of Component K 3 times and then briefly spin it down before use.
 - Prepare a diluted working solution of Component K by mixing together the following components.
 - Store for up to 2 weeks at 4°C.

Reagents	Volume
DMSO	154 µl
Component K	12.5 µl

Day 0



Plate Preparation

IMPORTANT! Cells can be plated in 6-well, 24-well, or 96-well plates depending on the desired format. Refer to the table for the recommended volumes per well.

1. Vortex ornithine briefly and centrifuge it at a maximum speed for 1 minute.
2. Add ornithine to each well of a new plate in the volume specified in the table.
3. Incubate the plate at 37°C, 5% CO₂ for at least 2 hours (or at 4°C overnight one day before plating).
4. Thaw laminin and chill PBS on ice for 20-30 minutes in the volumes calculated in the table. Add 1/100 volume of laminin to chilled PBS. Mix well.
 - All PBS washes should be done dropwise and with room temperature PBS. Chilled PBS is only for the coating step.
5. Aspirate the supernatant from each well and add PBS in the volume specified in the table.
6. Repeat Step 5.
7. Aspirate PBS from each well and add diluted laminin in the volume specified in the table.
8. Incubate the plate at 37°C, 5% CO₂ for at least 2 hours.

9. While the plate is incubating, prepare Medium iN1(AP) using the volume of Medium N1(AP) indicated in the table calculated for the number of wells in use plus 1.1 ml for resuspension (volume in table x number of wells + 1.1). For example, 2 wells of a 6-well plate needs 4.5 ml Medium N (1.7 x 2 + 1.1), while 10 wells of a 24-well plate needs 5.6 ml Medium N (0.45 x 10 + 1.1) for this step.
 - Thaw/warm Medium N1(AP), and iROCK at room temperature for 20-30 minutes.
 - Add 1/1000 of iRock to Medium N1(AP).
 - Keep the rest of Medium N1(AP) at 4°C for later use.
10. After the laminin incubation, aspirate most, but not all, of the supernatant and add PBS in the volume specified in the table. Add the PBS dropwise to each well.
11. Pipet out most of the PBS, but not all, from each well.
12. Add PBS dropwise in the volume specified in the table.
13. Repeat step 11.
14. Add Medium iN1(AP) to each well in the volume specified in the table.
15. Incubate the plate at 37°C, 5% CO₂ until cells are ready for plating.

Reagents	Corresponding steps	Recommended volume per well		
		6-well plate	24-well plate	96-well plate
Ornithine	1,2	1.5 ml	300 µl	50 µl
PBS for laminin dilution	4	1.65 ml	330 µl	55 µl
PBS	5, 6, 10, 12	2 ml	500 µl	100 µl
Diluted laminin	7	1.5 ml	300 µl	50 µl
Medium N1(AP) for Medium iN1(AP)	9	1.7 ml	450 µl	80 µl
Medium iN1(AP)	14	1 ml	300 µl	35 µl

Thawing Cells

1. Warm Medium N1 to room temperature for 20-30 minutes.
2. Take out the vial of frozen cells from the liquid nitrogen storage tank.
3. Incubate the cryovial in a water bath set at 37°C (do not submerge the cap) until the most of the content is thawed but a small ice crystal remains (~2 minutes).
4. Wipe the vial with a dry paper towel. Spray 70% ethanol to the vial and bring it inside a biosafety cabinet.
5. Transfer 4.5 ml room temperature Medium N1 to a new 15 ml conical tube.
6. Set a P1000 pipette to 1 ml but take approximately 500 µl Medium N1 from the 15 ml conical and add it to the cryo-vial dropwise at 1 drop per 1-2 seconds.
 - **IMPORTANT!** Use the same pipette tip for Steps 6-10.
7. Gently pipet the cell suspension up and down once.
8. Gently transfer all of the cell suspension to the 15 ml conical tube prepared in Step 5.
9. Take 1 ml of the cell suspension from the conical tube and add it to the original cryovial and pipet up and down 2-3 times and then transfer the whole contents back to the same 15 ml conical tube.
10. Mix the contents in the conical tube by gently pipetting cell suspension up and down 3 times.
11. Centrifuge the cell suspension at 200 x g for 4 minutes.
12. Use an aspirator to remove most of the supernatant from the conical tube, leaving a small volume of the supernatant (<50 µl) to cover the pellet.
13. Tap the side of the conical tube up to 10 times to break up the cell pellet.
14. Add 1 ml room temperature Medium iN1(AP) to the conical tube and pipet up and down no more than 2-3 times.

Plating Cells

1. Count the cells to determine the volume of cell suspension needed for the chosen number of wells and include 10% extra for cell number and volume volume (e.g., for a 24-well plate scenario, a total of 1.1 x 10⁶ cells to plate 1 x 10⁵

cells in each of the 10 wells). If the volume of the cell suspension needs to be adjusted, centrifuge the required volume of cell suspension at 200 x g for 4 minutes, remove the supernatant, and resuspend the pellet with Medium iN1(AP) to reach the multiplied volume of cell suspension with the number of wells.

- Add cell suspension to the center of each well. Since each well already has Medium iN1(AP), the total volume of the medium in each well is indicated in the table below.
- Incubate at 37°C, 5% CO₂ overnight.

	Recommended amounts		
	6-well plate	24-well plate	96-well plate
Viable cells/well	5 x 10 ⁵ cells	1 x 10 ⁵ cells	1.6 x 10 ⁴ cells
Required total volume of cell suspension/well • (Volume of cell suspension/well) + 10% extra	550 µl	110 µl	38.5 µl
Volume of cell suspension distributed/well	500 µl	100 µl	35 µl
Total volume/well • Medium iN1(AP) + cell suspension	1.5 ml	400 µl	70 µl

Day 1



Medium Change

- Prepare Medium N1(AKP) sufficient for the number of wells plated using the volumes indicated in the table below for calculating.
 - Warm Medium N1(AP) and Diluted Component K at room temperature for 20-30 minutes away from light.
 - This will produce enough Medium N1(AKP) for 1 week of culture. Store leftover Medium N1(AP) and Medium N1(AKP) at 4°C for additional medium changes throughout the week.

Reagents	Required volume per well		
	6-well plate	24-well plate	96-well plate
Medium N1(AP)	4.4 ml	1.8 ml	330 µl
Diluted Component K	4.4 µl	1.8 µl	0.33 µl

- Pipet out the old medium from each well and add PBS to each well along its wall according to the table below.
 - IMPORTANT!** To avoid lifting cells, leave a small volume of the old medium (i.e., just enough to cover the surface of the well). PBS should be applied along the wall of the well very slowly.

Reagents	Required volume per well		
	6-well plate	24-well plate	96-well plate
PBS	2 ml	500 µl	100 µl

- Pipet out the PBS from each well and add Medium N1(AKP) to each well along its wall according to the following table.

Reagents	Required volume per well		
	6-well plate	24-well plate	96-well plate
Medium N1(AKP)	2 ml	800 µl	150 µl

4. Incubate the culture at 37°C, 5% CO₂ for 2 days.

Day 3+

 < 1 hour

Medium Change

1. Warm Medium N1(AKP) at room temperature for 20-30 minutes.
2. Pipet out half of the old medium from each well and add Medium N1(AKP) according to the table below.

Reagents	Required volume per well		
	6-well plate	24-well plate	96-well plate
Medium N1(AKP)	1 ml	400 µl	75 µl

3. Incubate the plate at 37°C, 5% CO₂ for 2-3 days.
4. Repeat Steps 1-3 until Day 7 or until ready to assay.

Day 7+

 < 1 hour

Assay or Continuous Maturation

- Differentiated motor neurons will be ready for assays on day 7. From day 7 users may maintain differentiated neurons in the medium best suited for their needs, though we recommend Quick-Neuron™ Motor Maintenance Medium, Catalog Number: MT-MM.
- Differentiation into motor neurons can be confirmed with the markers TUBB3, ChAT, and HB9.

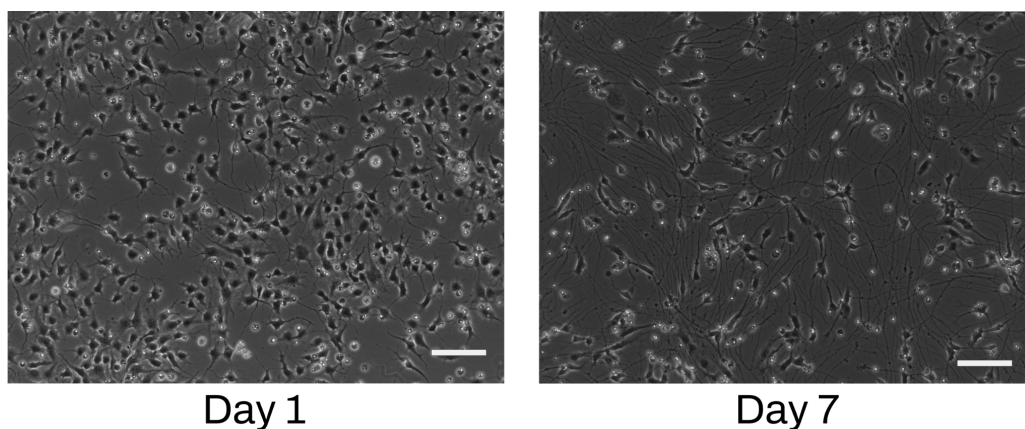


Figure 1. Representative images of Quick-Neuron™ Motor - Human iPSC-derived Neurons on days 1 and day 7 post-thaw (scale bar = 100 μ m).

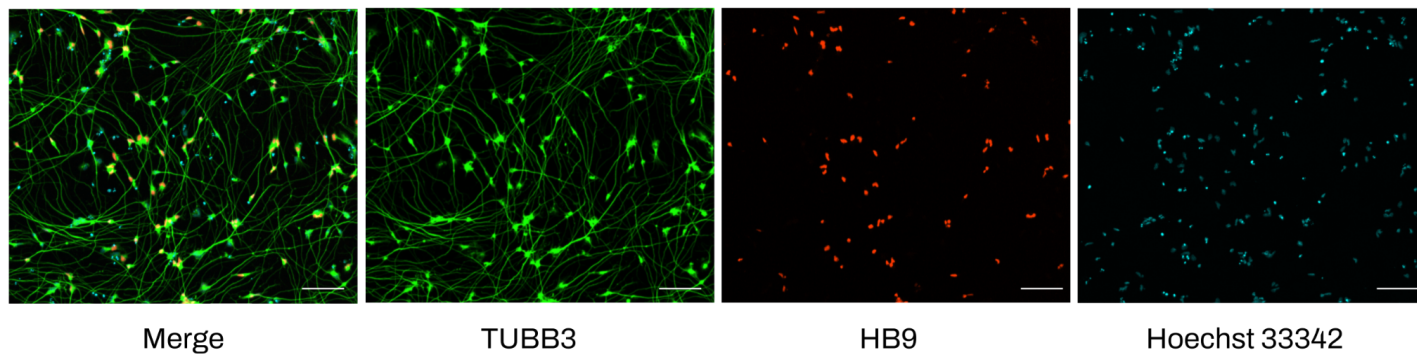


Figure 2. Immunofluorescent staining of Quick-Neuron™ Motor - mRNA cell culture shows typical neurite growth and expression of the pan-neuronal marker TUBB3 as well as HB9 on day 7 post-thaw (scale bars = 100 μ m). Staining conditions: Anti- β -III tubulin monoclonal antibody (Cell Signaling Technology, Catalog Number: 5568, 1:250 dilution) was used in combination with a secondary antibody (ThermoFisher, Catalog Number: A32731, Goat anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) Highly Cross-Adsorbed Secondary Antibody, Alexa Fluor 488, 1:500 dilution). Anti-HB9 primary antibody (Developmental Studies Hybridoma Bank, Catalog Number: 81.5C10, 1:50 dilution) was used in combination with a secondary antibody (ThermoFisher, Catalog Number: PIA32742 Goat anti-Mouse IgG (H+L) Highly Cross-Adsorbed Secondary Antibody, AlexaFluor Plus 594 1:500 dilution). Nuclei were counterstained with Hoechst 33342.